Total No. of	Questions	:	4]
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[6269]-301

T.E. (Civil) (Insem)

WASTE WATER ENGINEERING

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - II) (301012)

Time: 1 Hour]
Instructions to the candidates:

[Max. Marks : 30

- 1) Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat figures wherever necessary.
- 4) Assume necessary data.
- 5) Use of scientific calculators is allowed.
- Q1) a) Define and explain self-cleansing and non-scouring velocity.
 - b) Determine the storm water discharge produced from 45 hectors comprising different types of sub catchments as given below. The average intensity of rainfall in the area is 45 nm/hr. [6]

Sr.	Type of catchment % Area		Runoff
No.			Coefficient
1.	Roof	25	0.90
2.	Pavement	30	0.85
3.	Lawns and Garden	35	0.10
4.	Wooded Area	10	0.05

c) The BOD of sewage incubated for 5 day at 20°C has been found to be 400 mg/l. What will be ultimate BOD and 3 day BOD at 30°C? Assume $k_d = 0.1 \text{ d}^{-1}$ at 20°C . [6]

OR

Q2) a) Differentiate between centralized and decentralized sanitation infrastructure.

[3]

[3]

- b) Find the minimum velocity and gradient required to carry coarse sand particles of size 0.5 mm and specific gravity 2.65 through a sewer of diameter 0.9 m. Assume constant beta = 0.4, f = 0.03 and N = 0.013. The sewer is assumed to run half full. [6]
- c) If BOD₅ of a sewage sample at 30°C is 150 mg/L, determine BOD₅ at 20°C. Assume $k_d = 0.1 d^{-1}$ at 20°C. [6]

P.T.O.

Explain the importance of grit chamber. [3] **Q3**) a) Design a grit channel using the following data. **[6]** b) Sewage Flow = 10 MLDGrit size = 0.2 mm, Specific Gravity = 2.65Temperature of sewage = 10°C Desired removal efficiency = 80% Constant n = 1/4Width of grit channel = 2.5 mFreeboard = $0.3 \, \text{m}$ Space of the sludge accumulation = 0.3 mDetermine: i) Required surface overflow rate ii) Number and dimensions of grit channels. Determine diameter and depth of primary sedimentation tank for sewage c) flow 10 MLD. Given data: Detention time = 2.5 hours and surface loading rate $= 40000 \, 1/\text{m}^2/\text{d}$. [6] OR Q4) a) Explain various treatment units in primary treatment of waste water. Determine the dimensions and detention period of a rectangular grit b) chamber for following data. **[6]** Maximum Flow of sewage 20MI Specific gravity of grit = 2.65 Diameter of grit particle to be removed = 0.2 mm and above Average temperature = 20°C Flow through velocity = 6.23 m/sec Width of grit chamber > 1.2 m Freeboard = 0.3 mSpace of the sludge accumulation = 0.25 mA plain sedimentation tank with a length of 20 m, width 10 m, and a depth c) of 3 m is used in a sewage treatment plant to treat 4 million litres of sewage per day (4 MLD) The dynamic viscosity of water is 1.002×10^{-3} N-s/m² at 20°C. Density of water is 998.2 kg/m³. Average specific gravity of particles is 2.65. What is the surface overflow rate in the sedimentation tank? What is the minimum diameter of the particle which can be removed

[6]

with 100% efficiency in the above sedimentation tank?